

Q: What is used to measure the economic growth of a country?

A: Gross National Product (GDP)

Q: What is mitigation?

A: To make a situation better

Q: What is reclamation?

A: to restore to usefulness

Q: What is the tragedy of the commons?

A: When a common resource is used without regulation, it will run out.

Q: What is the lesson to be learned from Easter Island?

A: When sustainable resources are used in unsustainable ways, they will disappear quickly and not be able to support the population.

Q: What book did Rachel Carson write and what was it about?

A: *Silent Spring*. It was about the risks of pesticide use.

Q: What is the independent variable in an experiment?

A: The variable that is manipulated or changed on purpose.

Q: What is the dependent variable in an experiment?

A: The variable that is measured.

Q: What is an external cost?

A: a cost borne by someone not involved in the transaction.

Q: What is cap and trade?

A: When business cap their emissions and trade them to other companies who do not cut their emissions.

Q: What is cost-benefit analysis?

A: estimated costs for a proposed action are totaled up and compared to sum of the benefits estimated.

Q: What is anthropocentrism?

A: human-centered view of our relationship with the environment.

Q: What is biocentrism?

A: Value certain living things or the biotic realm in general.

Q: What is Ecocentrism?

A: Judges actions in terms of their benefit or harm to the integrity of whole ecological systems.

Q: What is sustainability?

A: Using a resource to a minimum that can then restore itself.